Fig. 1. Transmission Electron Microscope (TEM) study of potatoes resulting from addition of W and Pt to the superconductor $YBa_2Cu_3O_{7-\delta}$ (Y123). Dark, roughly circular objects are potatoes of $(W_{0.5\pm0.1}Pt_{0.5\mp0.1})YBa_2O_6$ of diameter circa 200-300 nanometers.

Fig. 2. TEM study of potatoes resulting from the addition of Mo and Pt to the superconductor $YBa_2Cu_3O_{7-\delta}$ (Y123). Dark, roughly circular objects are potatoes of $(Mo_{0.5\pm0.1}Pt_{0.5\mp0.1})YBa_2O_6$ of diameter circa 200 nanometers. One of the 2 particles in the lower left is Y_2BaCuO_5 (Y211), a non-superconducting phase of YBaCuO.

Fig. 3. TEM study of potatoes resulting from addition of U and Pt to the superconductor $SmBa_2Cu_3O_{7.8}$ (Sm123). Dark, roughly circular objects are potatoes of $(U_{0.6\pm0.1}Pt_{0.4\mp0.1})SmBa_2O_6$ of diameter circa 200-400 nanometers. This sample has been irradiated with thermal neutrons resulting in fission of some of the ²³⁵U isotope. Fine lines in center of upper third of picture are damage lines created by fission fragments.

Fig. 4. Electron Microprobe study of potatoes resulting from the addition of U and Zr to the superconductor $NdBa_2Cu_3O_{7-\delta}$ (Nd123). Bright very small objects are potatoes of $(U_{0.5\pm0.1}Zr_{0.5\mp0.1})NdBa_2O_6$, of diameter circa 400 nanometers. Larger, light objects are $Nd_4Ba_2Cu_2O_{10}$, a non-superconducting phase of NdBaCuO.

Fig. 5. Electron Microprobe study of potatoes resulting from mixing the pre-reacted compound $(U_{0.6}Pt_{0.4})YBa_2O_6$ to powders of the superconductor Nd123, followed by texturing of the mixture. Small bright objects are deposits of the UPtYBaO compound.

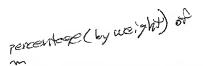


Fig. 6. Critical current density, J_c , vs. $\widetilde{\%}$ UO₄ • $2H_2O$ (weight) added to $YBa_2Cu_3O_{7-\delta}$ (Y123). J_c was calculated from maximum trapped magnetic field in single grains of Y123, 2 cm diam. x 0.8 cm long. Note that as more U is added, trapped field increases by 60%. If J_c were measured at constant field, as is usually done, the enhancement factor in this measurement would significantly exceed 2.0.

Fig. 7. Ratio of trapped field with X% WO₃ to trapped field with no WO₃. WO₃ is added to Y123 powders plus 1.25% Pt, before texturing.

Fig. 8. Schematic showing how potatoes are buried in and surrounded by oxide superconductor.

<u>Fig. 9.</u> Microprobe studies showing texturing effect of ZrO₂ addition to Nd123. Top left no ZrO₂; top right 0.04% (wt) ZrO₂; bottom left 0.1% (wt) ZrO₂; bottom right 0.2% (wt) ZrO₂.

Fig. 10. Schematic showing three classes of pinning centers. Top shows small # of large deposits of Y211. Second shows refinement of Y211, providing a first class of pinning centers, and small deposits containing foreign as well as native elements (e.g., A, B, RE, BaO), which provide a second class of pinning centers. Bottom shows lines of damage caused by fission fragments, which provide a third class of pinning centers.



100nm

TEM Fig 1

60% Y211 + Y123 + 1.0% Pt + 0.36% WO3

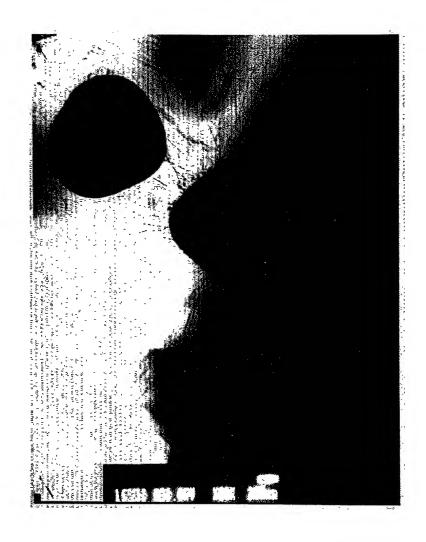


60% Y211 + Y123 + O. 5% Pt + O. 3% MoO3

TEM

Ondowble sphere, left fore, one

Ondowble sphere, North



TEM After Irradiation Fig. 3
20% Small + Sm/23 + 0.5% Pt + 0.15% [250 ppm
235/238 UO4.2420*

Verythinkmen in center, upper there are damage trocke left by V fisster

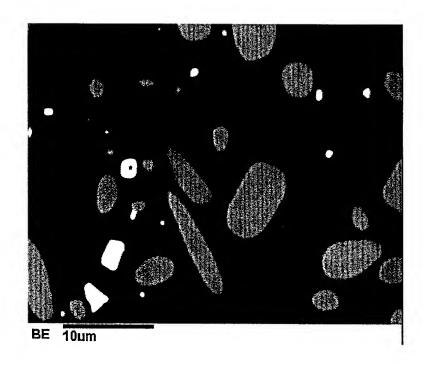


BE Nd1.8+0.15U+0.048Zı 10um

Murombbe

Fig 4

20% Nd4ZZ+Nd1Z3+0·15% UO4·2H20* +0·048% ■ ZrOZ

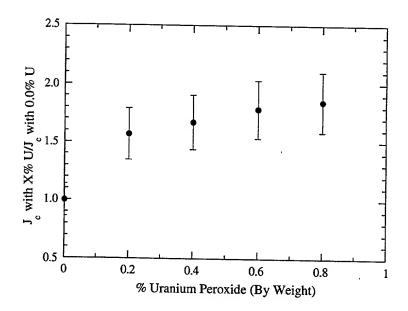


Murophobe
FLG S

20% Nd422 + Nd123 + 0.44% 206 (U0.6 Pt 0.4) Y Bq206

Sinoll bright are
Y-5

1.E., Toutaming deposits



Fcq6 60 % Y211 + Y123 + 0.5 % Pt + Varying %U04.2 H20*

Jc calculated from field plots and J. Liv's Program

Field Colled @ 2 Tesla

2 cm Samples

Enhancement of Trapped Field

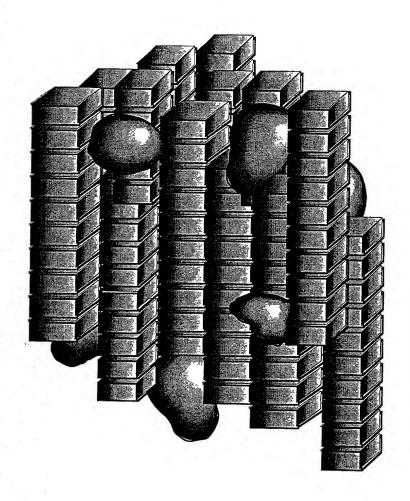
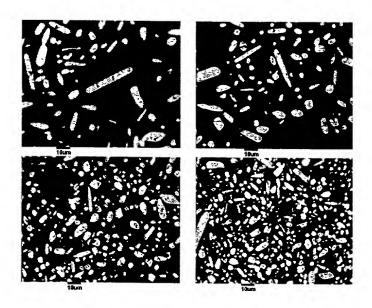


Fig 8



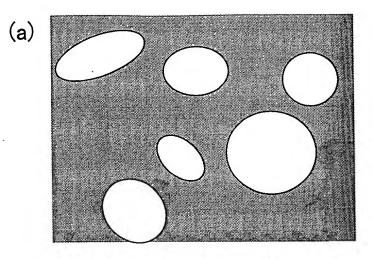
Microprobe

Top Lest: 20% Nd 422 + Nd123

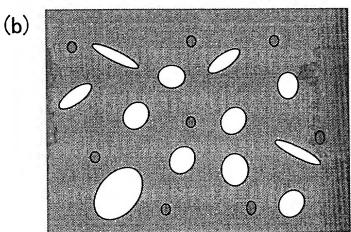
Top Right: 20 % Nd422 + Nd123 + 0.04 % 2002

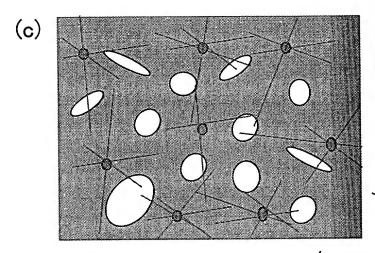
Bottom Lest: 20% NO4ZZ+NO1Z3+ 0.1% ZrOZ

Bostom Right: 20 % Nd422+ Nd123 + 0.2 70 2002



F. 4 10





RE123

RE211

· UZrNd Bao

Fission Fragment Damage

— 1 μ m